

Montana ISM Antenna

Part No. SRF2I019

flexiiANT®

Product Specification

1. Features

- Antenna for ISM and LoRa® bands (863 870MHz and 902 928MHz)
- Maintains high performance within device: DFI (Designed For Integration)
- 1.13mm diameter RF cable with IPEX MHF connector
- Self-Adhesive mounted
- Quick integration minimizes design cycle
- High performance
- · Available 3 standard cable lengths

2. Description

Montana is intended for use with ISM and LoRa $^{\rm @}$ applications. A flexible antenna with cable enables direct connection to the host PCB. Simple integration with plug and play simplicity. This product specification shows the performance of the antenna to cover a typical dual band ISM from 863-928MHz.

3. Applications

- Remote Sensors
- Smart meters
- Medical devices
- Monitoring equipment
- Automotive devices
- LoRa[®] Gateway/Routers
- LoRa[®] Wireless Nodes



4. Part Number

Montana: SRF2I019-xxx



Note. -xxx refers to cable length option:

Part Number	Cable Length
SRF2I019-100	100mm
SRF2I019-150	150mm
SRF2I019-200	200mm

5. General Data

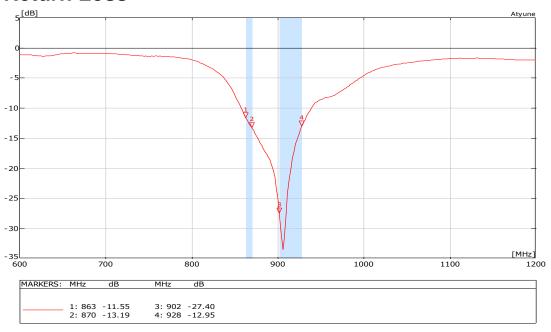
Product name	Montana
Part Number	SRF2I019
Frequency	863-928MHz
Polarization	Linear
Operating temperature	-40°C to +85°C
Environmental condition test	ISO 16750-4 5.1.1 / 5.1.2
Impedance with matching	50 Ω
Weight	< 0.5 g
Antenna Assembly type	FPC Self-adhesive
Dimensions (Antenna)	23 ² x pi x 0.15 (mm)
Cable length	100 / 150 / 200 (mm)
Connection	MHF IPEX

6. RF Characteristics

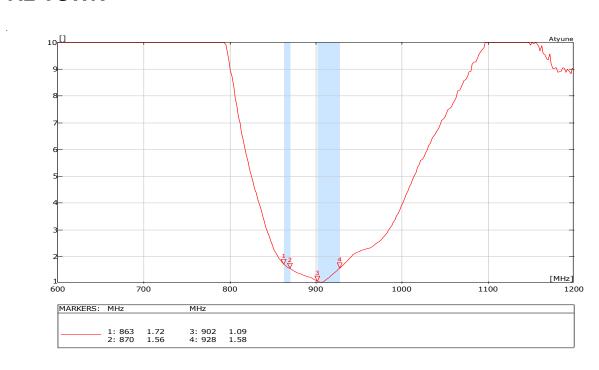
	Typical performance	Conditions
Peak gain	1.9dBi	
Average gain	-2.4dBi	All data measured in a loaded
Average efficiency	>50%	condition adhered to a plastic carrier free space.
Maximum return loss	<-11dB	carrier free space.
Maximum VSWR	1.70:1	

7. RF Performance

7.1 Return Loss

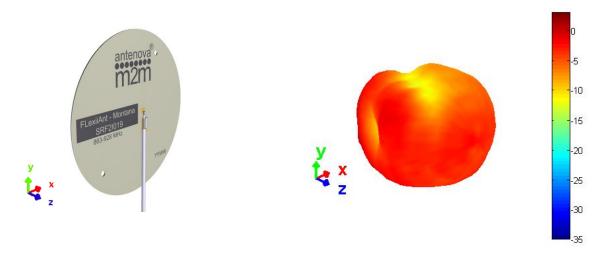


7.2 VSWR

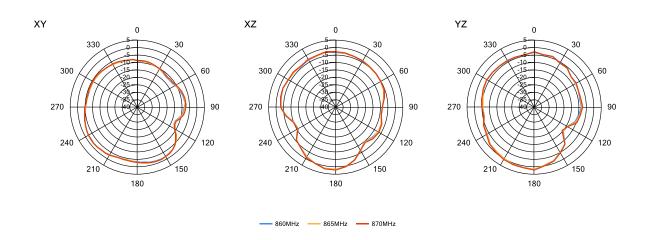


7.3 Antenna patterns

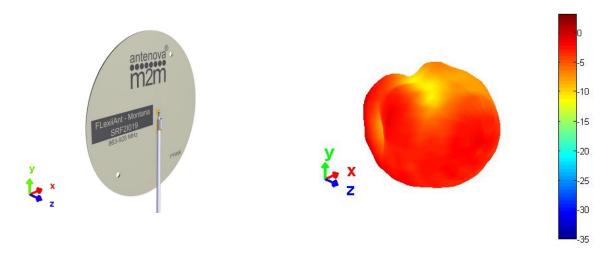
7.3.1 863 - 870 MHz



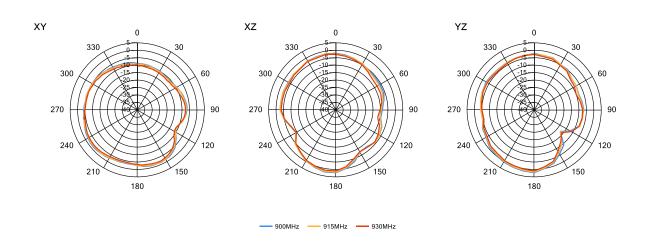
3D pattern at 865MHz Drag to rotate pattern and PCB by using Adobe Reader (Click to Activate)



7.3.2 902 - 928 MHz

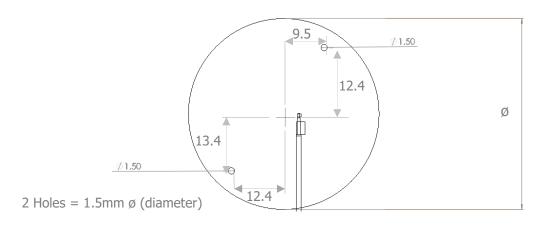


3D pattern at 915MHzDrag to rotate pattern and PCB by using Adobe Reader
(Click to Activate)



8. Antenna Dimensions

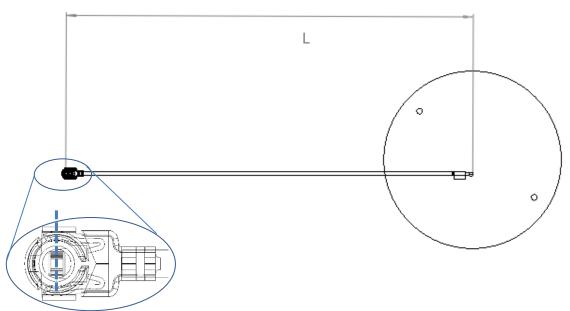
8.1 Dimensions FPC section



Ø	T
Diameter	Thickness
45.0 ±0.2 (mm)	0.15 (mm) nominal

All dimensions in mm

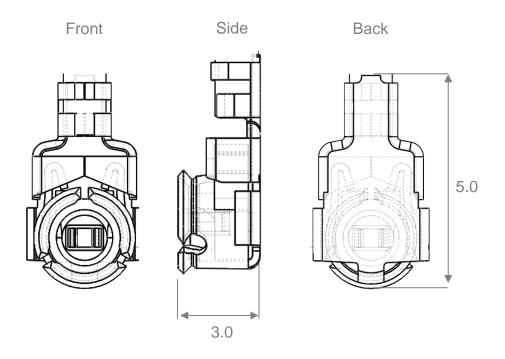
8.2 Dimensions assembled



SRF2I19-100	SRF2I019-150	SRF2I019-200
L	L	L
101 ±2.0 (mm)	151 ±2.0 (mm)	201 ±2.0 (mm)

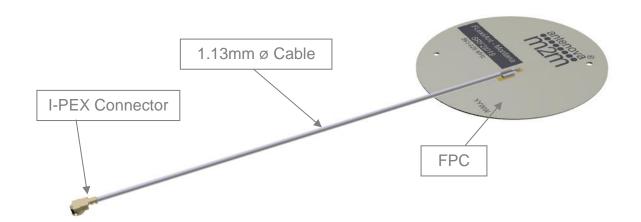
8.3 IPEX Connector

I-PEX	
Material	Copper Alloy
Plating	Ag



All dimensions in mm

8.4 Assembly



9. Electrical Interface

9.1 Host Interface

The host PCB requires the mating connector which is the IPEX MHF (UFL) receptacle. The location should be close to the chip/modules pin for the RF. Any feed from this receptacle should be maintained at 50Ω impedance.

9.2 Transmission Line

All transmission lines should be designed to have a characteristic impedance of 50Ω .

- The length of the transmission lines should be kept to a minimum
- Any other parts of the RF system like transceivers, power amplifiers, etc, should also be designed to have an impedance of 50 Ω

Once the material for the PCB has been chosen (PCB thickness and dielectric constant), a coplanar transmission line can easily be designed using any of the commercial software packages for transmission line design. For the chosen PCB thickness, copper thickness and substrate dielectric constant, the program will calculate the appropriate transmission line width and gaps on either side of the feed.

A DC blocking capacitor should be placed in line to protect the RF front end.

10. Mechanical Fixing

The antenna uses 3M 468MP adhesive on the back side of the FPC. The antenna has a easy access split line to peel off to reveal the adhesive side. It is designed for a one time fix to a clean smooth surface.

Split line for easy peel

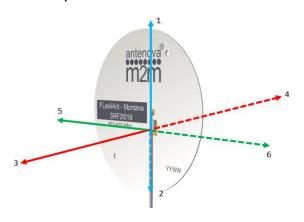
11.0 Antenna Integration Guide

11.1 Placement

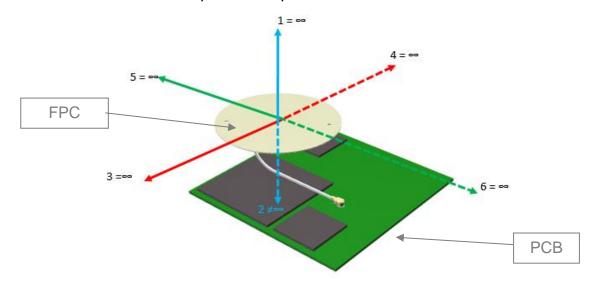
For placing the FPC antenna within a device, the host PCB size is not a factor as with PCB mounted antennas. However, placement still needs to follow some basic rules, as any antenna is sensitive to its environment.

The guide below shows six spatial directions. The antenna FPC section should ideally maintain a minimum of three directions free from obstructions so as to be able to operate effectively. The other directions will have obstacles in their paths, these directions still require a minimum clearance. These minimum clearances are further defined in this section. The plastic case is not included in this, only metal objects/components that will obstruct or come in close proximity to the antenna.

Six spatial directions relative to FPC



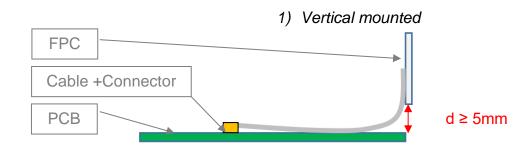
Example with 5 spatial directions clear

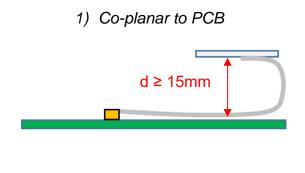


11.2 Orientation of FPC

The orientation of the FPC with respect to the host PCB should be defined depending on the unit. The proximity of the GND will have an influence on the antenna so the PCB location relative to the antenna should be considered.

The orientation the FPC will normally be placed in one of three of the following options for orientation. In each option a distance (d) is the critical dimension to consider. Below shows the minimum value of (d) for each. Other obstructions may increase this dimension.





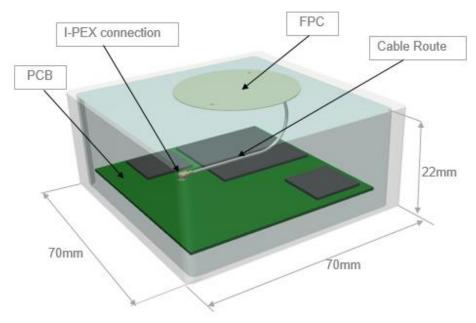
2) Planar to PCB (Same plane)

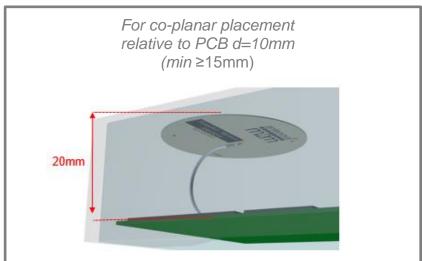


11.3 Device Integration example

An example of integration within a device is shown below. The device contains the major components along with the device outer case. The FPC is shown adhered to the inside of the plastic housing of the device. The length of the cable is sufficient to allow ease of assembly when produced (SRF2I019-100)

The FPC was placed parallel relative to the PCB. The FPC is kept a maximised height above the PCB to ensure it is above the minimum clearance of ≥15mm. This example shows the FPC 20mm above the PCB.





12. Hazardous Material Regulation Conformance

The antenna has been tested to conform to RoHS requirements. A certificate of conformance is available from Antenova M2M's website.

13. Packaging

The antennas are stored in individual plastic (PE) bags. Then stored within a second bag of 10pcs.

Single antenna per bag



10 units per second bag (Labelled)



13.1 Optimal Storage Conditions

Temperature	-10°C to 40°C
Humidity	Less than 75% RH
Shelf life	18 Months
Storage place	Away from corrosive gas and direct sunlight
Packaging	Antennas should be stored in unopened sealed manufacturer's plastic packaging.

The shelf life of the antenna is 18 months provided the bag of 10 pieces remains factory-sealed.

13.2 Label Information



Antenova Limited

Antenova Asia Ltd

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Description: Montana Part number: SRF2I019

Quantity: 10 Date Code: YYWW

Manufacturer's code number:



50.00mm

60.00m



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